

# The current situation of sexual molestation and proposals for action

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National Operational Department

2016-05-16

## The current situation of sexual molestation and proposals for action

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# 1

## Summary

Groups of men exposed during the New Year's Eve 2015-2016 young women for sexual molestation in several parts of Europe. In Sweden, it has been observed that such behavior occurred during the youth festival including *We Are Stockholm* summer of 2014 and 2015.

For this reason, decided the National Commissioner of vulnerability to sexual molestation among young people would be investigated. The mission was restricted to focusing on sexual molestation in places where crowds formed, and to identify where other crimes are committed to the police, directly and indirectly, be able to contribute to the prevention of crime.

The mission was carried out in three parts, of which a part is an analysis of reported crimes focuses on different environments for sexual molestation. The second part was conducted by local police in different ways held talks with young people in schools about their experiences of vulnerability to crime. In the third part of the mission, a group of different experiences within the police focused on using a model that already exists for collaboration with other stakeholders in the community to prevent crime and to apply the model where it is possible for the police to take the initiative.

The survey of reported crimes has focused on examining different modes that may have importance for the prevention of sexual molestation against children and young people. survey covers the period 2011-2016 and concerns over ten thousand reported crimes relating to sexual molestation. Of these, nearly two thousand complaints in 2015 and 2016 fritextgranskats.

The majority of the victims are girls who are younger than fifteen years, but it occurs crimes even against young boys. Crimes committed in a public place, for example, the crowds and the festival areas are relatively few and are only just over a percent of the total number of crimes. The vast majority of offenders acting alone and exposes young girls usually for physical touches that are perceived as unpleasant.

The number of reported crimes where the perpetrators are more than a few.

Even crimes that occurred on the streets, walkways and public transport is to get the number.

There is the typical offender a middle-aged man who acted alone through indecent exposure, offensive suggestions or superficial touch. However, there have been a few group assaults in parks, at bus stops and on buses and trains. In swimming pools repression has been usually carried out by three or more boys against many girls.

The sole perpetrators have often not been identified but

signalement data indicate that they do not constitute a homogeneous group. Where the crimes carried out by offenders in a larger group of public places and indoor swimming pools are the perpetrators were mainly young people looking for or have recently received asylum in Sweden.

The most common sexual molestations are committed via social media and affects even small children. Some relating to the *offense contact with children for sexual purposes*

1

grooming which

1

## Chapter 6. § 10a Penal Code

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can turn to physical contacts. School is the public environment in which most physical sexual molestations taking place and takes place primarily between the pupils.

Police's mission is to prevent and investigate crime. Sexual molestation is a complex area that is very much about attitudes and norms society. The crime is a serious invasion of privacy and may put deep grooves in the victim.

The police can not on their own to deal with the causes of sexual molestation. The entire judiciary and society at large must act against attitudes and behaviors normalize various forms of sexual molestation. It is partly about the longer term affect offenders criminal propensity and partly to the specific events complicate that crime can occur.

It is important to state police authorities early initiates collaboration and concentrating on actions that are within its remit. The police can act "Engine" in efforts to get other co actors to take adequate measures in their *responsibilities*.

The *Collaboration Model* developed by the National Council should be used for local police area long-term and comprehensive cooperation with the municipality as well as in an emergency arisen or pre-renowned event. In the overall work provides a model strategic problems picture with a plan of action and civic facilities. The model also serves as a continuously updated event-driven problems image and action plan.

Sexual molestation of young people in public places and in public places are difficult to investigate because it usually occurs in congestion with large crowds. attention and the focus of victims and witnesses is, for obvious reasons otherwise. The victim hesitates also to report crimes because for many is hard to talk about the incident. The There is also a perception that a notification does not lead anywhere. As with Another crime is primarily measures that need to be improved to a preliminary investigation to produce results.

The police can contribute to awareness-raising measures aimed at getting started advocacy on issues picture about sexual molestation of young people in public environmental and public places, to influence the attitudes and behavior of what is allowed

and not allowed.

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## 2

### The mission

Region police chief in Stockholm, in January 2016 commissioned by the National Commissioner to go through all notifications concerning sexual assault that occurred during the festival *We are Stockholm* in 2014 and 2015. The action will take place in order to ascertain whether further action is necessary.

Furthermore, the head of the National Operational Department (Noah), had been asked to make a countrywide survey to investigate the sexual molestation of young people.

The study will describe how the development looks and propose measures and getting a better knowledge of young people (up to 18 years) exposure to sexual molestation in crowds in public places or otherwise where the public has access. It should also be the basis for an operational policy decision.

The survey should show the following:

- A statistical picture on existing evidence of crime reports and other quantitative information.
- A qualitative assessment by the meetings of the local police areas must keep with young people in order to, among other things, a look into the dark century.
- An international outlook.

The survey focuses on sexual molestation against young people, committed in Crowds between 2011 and 2015. It will also provide a picture of sexual molestation in other places where the public has access, such as the bathhouse and the public transport, where young people have been subjected to sexual molestation.

Furthermore, all regional police chiefs given the task of organizing meetings between the police and young people in each local police area to obtain their views on the incidence of sexual harassment among young people and how crimes can be prevented and investigated.

### 2.1

#### The mission's report

The survey consists of three parts:

1. an analysis of reported crimes,

2. a summary of the regional situational built on conversations with young people and one

3. åtgärdsdel.

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## Part 1: Analysis of reported crimes

### 3.1

#### Purpose of analysis

Objective of the analysis is to create a basis for police action. It therefore focuses on the scope and nature of reported sexual molestation in different environments.

the environment for the

the offense has high relevance for direct and indirect crime prevention and

determine who has the potential to initiate action. It also has great

importance of appropriate strategies to influence the perpetrators' motivation and

opportunities should be developed. The environment has relevance to both police work

to prevent and investigate crimes and other agencies regarding the method development

risks of vulnerability. Consequently, the environment is the focus of this survey.

The introduction describes the crime as well as the material and method of the survey. To give a

background and evolution of reported crimes over time is the official

statistics with. National Council for Crime statistics of self-reported exposure to

sexual are the same reasons. A brief summary of the selection from

international reporting of sexual assault in the group concludes the background image. IN

Annex 1 gives examples of research in this area is listed to show different angles

the problem

### 3.2

#### What is sexual harassment?

According to the Criminal six chapters on sexual referred to as sexual molestation

:

**10 §** A person who, otherwise than as previously in this chapter, sexually touches a child under fifteen years or

*the child is able to conduct or participate in any act of sexual meaning, convicted of sexually molestation to a fine or imprisonment not exceeding two years.*

*The same applies to the one who exposes himself to another in a way that is likely to cause discomfort or otherwise, by words or conduct harasses a person in a way that is likely to violate the person's sexual integrity. Act (2005: 90).*

### 3.3

#### Method and material

The selection of karläggningen have been made by the police geographic information, Hobit. The system is updated daily with information on the location and time of the reported crimes registered in the RAR. The selection was made on brottstid from 1 January 2011 to 29 February 2016. In addition, the statistics were supplemented with information on the victim and suspects, as well as free text on crimes reported in 2015. This method focuses more on the vulnerability of different environments and less on the exact number of vulnerable people.

To give a

view of the number of crimes subject appears initially public statistics

crime-preventing counsel

2

sexual molestation and the annually conducted

security measurement statistics on self-reported exposure to sexual offenses.

2

<http://www.bra.se>

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National Council for Crime statistics are the official statistics used to assess trends over time.

### 3.4

#### Reliability survey

Environmental information in the reports from 2011-2014 are only taken from data in Hobit. A significant number of complaints have no information about the environment but in all crimes notified in 2015 free text has been reviewed and given additional information.

Regarding the crimes occurred during the events and in public places, and on transport and public baths have information on the approach, the number of offenders and descriptions examined. The notifications have had information on the reasonably suspects, such as citizenship and age has also been investigated

and the data has been used in relation to each such notification and category.  
Data has been used to examine if there are special modes and perpetrator types similar to the events that took place in Cologne, Helsinki and including  
3  
in  
Kalmar during the New Year's night, the media called "Taharrush gamea"

4  
.  
The data on the number of crimes in each environment, on offenders and vulnerable people aims to be reasonably generalize and quantify the various phenomena and provide approximate dimensions in relation to the context in which the crimes are committed.  
They should not be taken for absolute terms, the absence of data in the reports and to propensity is low

5  
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### 3.5

#### Official statistics

The National Council makes annual analyzes presented on their website. Chart 1 shows the notified sexual molestation during the years 2005 to 2015, where the largest increase can be seen in 2014. It should be noted that notifications may contain more number of crimes which may give rise to annual variations in the statistics.

6

3

A notification has taken place in Karlstad, two in Lidköping.

4

According Senni Jyrkiäinen, researchers at the University of Helsinki and studying gender relations in Eg Taharrush Arabic for harassment. If you add "power ginsy" (or just ginsy) then it will be sexually harassment and the word "gamea" means "group".

5

This is witnessed to in all regions statements.

6

<http://www.bra.se/bra/brott-och-statistik/valdtakt-och-sexualbrott.html>

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Chart 1st

Reports of sexual molestation against persons under 18 years from 2005 to 2015 (Bra.se)

### 3.6

#### **Self-reported vulnerability**

Crime Prevention Council also makes annual security measurements which includes vulnerability for sexual offenses included. The latest poll showed a downward trend in 2014 compared with a relatively strong increase of vulnerability against women in 2013. The downward trend in 2014 is thus contrary to the official statistics. It is however, difficult to interpret trends. Safety measurements comprises a series of uncertainties and great state that it is due to the sensitive nature is likely that the events it intends to measure not caught

7

. safety measurement

conducted among people aged between 16 and 79 years.

Chart 2

Source: National security survey, good

7

National Crime Survey 2015 - Technical Report, Good, 2016: 3

0

1000

2000

3000

4000

5000

2005

2007

2009

2011

2013

2015

Sexual assault against  
children under 15 years

Sexual assault against  
Children 15-17 years

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### 3.7

#### Internationally

Organized sexual molestation and abuse occurs in many parts of the world.

In recent years, gang rape against women in India led to rebellion against judiciary for not taking the problem seriously. In Egypt, it was reported on open sources of sexual abuse in the group - "Taharrus gamea" - against both women and homosexual men.

After New Year's night in 2015 and 2016 were reported in Germany's 1500 crimes of sexual molestation or a combination of theft and sexual assault. The assaults took place in several German states and most of the suspects were described as foreign men who acted in group.

French police have stated that the Paris took offense night between 2015 and 2016 which may be similar to the phenomena in Germany. In Finland and Norway, information about molestation committed by young foreign men in the group must have taken place during New Year's night.

There are reports that a train company in Germany will introduce special train cars for women because of the increased number of sexual harassment on board. Same considerations are in the UK.

### 3.8

#### The investigation

##### 3.3.1 How environments categorized

Based on the statistical data in Hobit created the following categories:

- *event area*
- *street, road, park*
- *public transport* - bus, train, subway, bus stops and waiting rooms.
- *cafe, restaurant and entertainment*
- *baths*
- *shops and stores*
- *Schools, recreational, nursery schools and sports facilities*
- *Social Media* - Internet and telephone
- *Private / secluded miljöer*- private homes, institutions, hospitals, offices, libraries, churches, cars, garages, elevators, stairways, etc.

It is not mandatory to indicate the environment in the RAR which means that multiple notifications missing the task. The information contained in the reports of 2015 and 2016 lacked environmental statement has been corrected after the briefing, which gave many of the crime scenes was in a private home or another private place. Similarly, crime via social media too among the large proportion of reports in which information on the environment was lacking.

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Table 1. Overall picture of the environment in which it is committed sexual molestation.

*Section***2011****2012****2013****2014****2015**

2016

(Feb)

*Total*

6.2

*Event*

23

9

13

24

40

10

119

6.3

*Street, road, park*

102

95

129

82

319

34

761

6.4

*Bus, train, subway,**stop*

127

107

119

129

231

41

754

6.5

*Café, traveling, entertainment*

28

22

28

39

44

10

171

6.6

*Bathing establishments*

56

56

50

38

123

56

379

6.7

*Store, department store and next.*

42

50

39

25

74

14

244

6.8

*School, leisure,*

*sports.*

200

190

189

197

256

49

1081

6.9

*Social media phone*

68

216

702

535

632

71

2224

10.6

*Private / secluded*

73

74

87

238

490

69

1031

*Data not available*

1036

1057

1111

737

3941

**tOTAL****1755****1876****2467****2044****2209**

354

**10705**

The percentage increase in total shown in Table 1 was just over 25 percent between 2011 and 2015. The increase in reports of offenses on social media shows increase but the bad data from 2011, making it highly possible that the crimes through social media, many already in 2011. Even the big difference concerning violations of private / secluded spots can be explained by the lack of data in the reports and just notifications from 2015 are corrected. Better information in the reports would provide better opportunities for a more reliable analysis and thus better decisions on measures and priorities.

### 3.8.1.1

#### events Area

The category events are crime scenes where it lasted some form of public event counted. There have been youth festivals with music, celebrations and other street New Year celebration. Even the occasional breakage of permanent fairgrounds and arenas sporting events have been counted there.

Half of the crimes took place in Stockholm (62 of 119 notifications), followed by West Götaland and Kalmar, where 10-15 notifications established. In other counties have one to five breach notification. The number represents the type of notifications 2 per cent of reported crimes in 2015 and 2016. Most group assaults took place in Stockholm, Kalmar and Lidköping.

The notifications received in 2015 and 2016 showed that girls 14-15 years old been the most vulnerable.

The attacks have been perceived differently depending on the approach but it appears from the data in all reports that several of the molested girls shocked to tears and been "very shaky after the incident." Of all notifications understood that the attacks have been very unpleasant. Particularly shocking and scary

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was the attack carried out in the area where the victim girl not only held firm and become "Fondled" without there even attempt to take off their clothes started before the girl had help.

Most of the attacks have taken place by individual offenders.

Most cases have occurred in the harassment

congestion, behind by the perpetrator entered the hands inside the pants or

during blouse / sweater and moreover kissed and held onto the girl. In the struggle to get loose from restraint or by the attack occurred behind it has been difficult to state

the appearance of the perpetrators good enough to identify someone later. Not seldom

they molested the girls stood in the audience at one stage, was in the crowd on the way to peers or standing with one or more peers when they attacked.

#### 3.8.1.1.1

Sexual molestation of group

At least ten cases, a *lonely* girl encircled by several men (from 5-6 pieces up to a great amount

8

) Which is sometimes estimated to be 14-16 years, sometimes 25-30 years. In these occasions, some clung while others have taken on the chest and body and in one case photographed some of the group assault. In some cases, the perpetrators buttoned up the pants of the girl and tried, in some cases succeeded, pulling them down before rescue come. Likewise, there have been several girls in a peer group has been exposed while a great bunch.

A few suspected perpetrators have been identified. Those who have been identified, citizens of Afghanistan, Eritrea and Somalia. All investigations in Stockholm Kalmar from 2014 and 2015 have been discontinued due to difficulties with the identification or lack of evidence.

### 3.8.1.2

#### *Street, road, park*

The category street, road, park also includes walking and cycling routes and other routes that used by strolling. Although crime on the playgrounds, in the wooded areas of parking, have been counted there. In number, these notifications 13.8 per cent of reported crimes 2015 and 2016. Most of the events occurred in the municipalities of Stockholm, Malmo, Gothenburg, Örebro and Eskilstuna.

9

In 2015, almost 60 percent (of 319) offenses against girls under 15. The youngest six years old, but most people 10-13 years. About 26 percent were against girls between 15-17 years and about 10 percent were against boys under 15 years. In just under two per cent was a plaintiff boy between 15-17 years.

In most cases, it has been about lonely men who molested girls by mere itself or by showing pornographic photographs on their phones. In several cases,

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Details are on the "20 pieces", "50"

9

Applies to 2015, when all crimes are encoded.

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offender traveled by bicycle. In similar situations, the perpetrator has taken hold of the girl and "groped". In other cases, the girls stopped by reaching and against his will become

kissed and taken to the breasts and held. Some molestation consisted of men has been approached by first asking a question and then give obscene suggestions. Of signalement data can be concluded that the perpetrators have no specific profile and ages vary from young boys to men in the 50-60 age. Such notifications from 2015, only seventeen suspected perpetrators been identified and Citizenship task shows that four Swedish nationals and the remainder is foreign. Another seventeen were arrested but the identity has not been established.

#### 3.8.1.2.1

##### Sexual molestation of group

In eleven notifications are reports that several young guys together attacked one or two girls. Among the complaints were few who described the attempted rape when the plaintiff has fought himself free. Two of them were completed rapes.

A few examples are described to show how this type of assault can go to.

*A sixteen year old girl was attacked by a large number of boys who "were foreign and spoke poor Swedish "who tried to rip off her clothes. Some photographed event. The girl was walking home with her boyfriend from a party when she was attacked. The boyfriend was a witness to the incident.*

*In a similar situation two girls were assaulted by a group of 10-20 guys with "African origin "who were 15-20 years old.*

*At an assault against a girl in a park, a sexual assault to a complete rape of several guys in the group. They had previously been at the same party and saw her leave instead.*

*At an assault against a 12 year old girl reported the following identifying data; "Four men in the 20-25 age who looked like Arabs and spoke foreign, possibly Arab them between". A passerby young man intervened and was beaten.*

*One girl said that she would pee in a bush when twelve perpetrators came to her and sexually harassed her. In this connection, the perpetrators had resorted plaintiff's wallet. "The sexual the harassment consisted among other things of the unknown perpetrator took the plaintiffs in the butt "*

10

.

10

Quote from RAR notification

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*A girl of 17 years, which went from a shopping mall, was followed and stopped by three "African guys" who attacked her by pinching her butt so hard that her pants broke.*

*A girl of 13 years who attend special schools were approached by "4-5 foreign guys" who spoke Swedish with an accent. They took her, one at a time "in places she did not like, among other things on her buttocks and breasts.*

### 3.8.1.3

#### *Public transport or stops*

Both age groups of girls are equally vulnerable to sexual molestation on buses, trains, Subway and bus stops and waiting rooms. In just under 3 per cent of the notifications Boys were the injured party. It's mostly girls in the more densely populated municipalities who get out for this type of crime. Notifications in 2015 until February 2016 is almost as many as notifications on the *street, road, park*, about 10.6 percent.

Of the 195 crimes reported in 2015 could be the perpetrator's nationality substantiated in 46 cases. Twenty-six of them were Swedes and others were sixteen different nationalities. There were another 35 arrested persons could not be identified. The molested the girls had in these cases usually summoned security guards arrested offender. Even bus drivers and other staff or by other travelers have helped to call the police.

Flasher lost in many notifications on buses and trains, and especially at the stops. Many girls have also announced that they are crowding on buses and Metro had been subjected by men pressed against them. There are also many notifications of both young people and adults have sat on the seat beside a lonely girl although there are plenty of seats. Either men have taken them on the thighs and chest, or come with obscene suggestions.

#### 3.8.1.3.1

#### Sexual molestation of group

In fifteen entries are reports that several young guys together assaulting a or two girls. Some examples are like abuse during *events* and past examples of *street, road and park*.

The following describes examples of how sexual molestation under this category can look. *When a girl was waiting for a train, she was surrounded by six youths in the 15-17 age "Of foreign origin". They poked at her and talked obscene and threatening her in Swedish. When the train arrived broke off the harassment.*

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*In another case, a girl said that she had met a group of about 10 guys 18-20 years of age. Four of the guys in the gang grabbed her shirt and held her arm while three of the other guys took on her body and breasts. She screamed for help, trying to make resisted and asked them to stop but without success. Eventually she managed to break free. A girl got on a train molested with obscene gestures by a gang of nine men in the 25-age, and they tried to block the road when she would go off. None of the guys spoke Swedish and the plaintiff stated in the notification that "they could be from Afghanistan." A girl was surrounded on a train of eight men who boarded the same time. Two of the men began to take on her thighs and up toward her crotch. She finally took out a pepper spray and all are moving. All the men were over 25 years old and had foreign origin.*

Additional similar stories about incidents on trains or buses are notifications. In one case became sexual in the harassment and rape in one case, the plaintiff also beaten.

#### 3.8.1.4

##### *Cafe, restaurants, entertainment venues*

The category cafe, restaurants, entertainment venues also includes hotels and youth centers. Entries in this category represent 2.1 per cent of reported crimes in 2015 and 2016. The incidents are spread across the country. In 2015, just over half of crimes against girls under 15. These crimes were moving most of indecent exposure, or obscene suggestions. Of the crimes committed against girls aged 15-17 years were some suspicious employees at the restaurant where the girls practiced. Seven violations were carried out at the hotel boys under 15 years by a single perpetrator.

Most of the perpetrators have been identified and citizenship data shows that the overwhelming concerns offenders with Swedish citizenship.

#### 3.8.1.4.1

##### Sexual molestation of group

At one point, subjected a girl by a gang of six boys at a youth center. The identified but the data on the practices and descriptions presented in a separate memorandum allowing the missing information in the notification.

At a youth disco in 2015 were two girls restrained by several guys on the dance floor which one or more of the girls took the shirt. The girls stated that they experienced very strong discomfort of the event. The perpetrators came from a refugee accommodation. One similar incident occurred on the same type of event during 2014.

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3.8.1.5

#### *bathing facilities*

In 2015, reported crime of sexual molestation at the baths at 123 different opportunities for crime.

In cases where the boys have been subjected to the harassment took place there in the dressing room or in the sauna / shower room and has moved mainly to older men masturbated or similar as they looked at the boys. Molestations were 112 cases directed against girls. Ca 30 of these were moving on notifications at the outdoor pool and then it was exclusively concerned if blotter.

It was reasonably suspects in about 55 percent of the notifications. Of these, 86 percent younger than 20, and most of them about 15-16 years. The latter was predominantly suspected of crimes against girls under the age of 15 years.

In 80 percent of the complaints from the public baths were the perpetrators of resignation or established foreign origin. Most lacked a Swedish personal and reports indicated that they belonged to groups of asylum seekers boys.

3.8.1.5.1

#### Sexual molestation of group

The majority of complaints have been made in the area and in several cases have three or more perpetrators acted in collusion. A third of the notifications had more than one plaintiff. In five notifications were five offenders who were reportedly molested more girls together, sometimes by a couple of people held a girl at a time.

The approaches have been different but a frequent modus has been to keep the girls who passed the slides or other power furrows while others have taken on them on the breasts, buttocks, legs and crotch.

3.8.1.6

#### *Store, department stores and nearby places*

This category also includes places adjacent to stores. The number represents these notifications 3.3 per cent of reported crimes in 2015 and 2016. They occurred events are scattered across the country. In reviewing reports from 2015 revealed that most were committed outside the store or stores on the street near the entrance. they moved most about indecent exposure, or obscene proposal and there was information in several notifications indicating that many of the perpetrators were drug addicts.

3.8.1.6.1

## Sexual molestation of group

In this category there are no crimes reported during 2015-2016.

### 3.8.1.7

#### *School, recreational, sports facilities*

The category also includes sites that are immediately adjacent to school grounds where the offense has against a student. These notifications represent about 12 percent of sexual molestation during 2015-2016 and notifications have been made in 199 of the 290 municipalities.

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Reports of violations of the schools received in some cases letters and in these cases prepared a brief notification while the details attached as a memorandum to investigation. The audit of 2015-year reports of crime in schools has approximately 25 percent of the information on description of the modus and the perpetrators have not been available for this survey.

During 2015 and 2016 touched 51 per cent of the notifications girls under 15 years. It is However, a significant portion boys under 15 years who also have been exposed. They constitute 22 per (69 of 305). An equally large proportion of girls 15-17 years old (73 of 305) while there are fewer of the elderly (15-17 years) category boys where nine boys exposed.

A third of the notifications have no information about suspects. For the reasons again suspects whose identity has been established is 30 percent of Swedish citizens and 8 percent have foreign citizenship.

People who have been named as suspects in number 218 pieces. A few occurs in several notifications. This means that the investigative ability is comparatively good on sexual molestation in school environment.

In individual cases, the suspect was school staff and the few reports from preschools related incident of sexual molestation of young children. Other suspects are usually individual students who act individually against a girl by touch on the chest, abdomen and / or with kisses and / or sexual references but there are also cases among school children where one or two boys also used violence and threats.

### 3.8.1.7.1

#### Sexual molestation of group

Some notifications involves multiple acted in groups of more or less ruthless way. Below are some examples of the crimes of this category.

*A girl was shut in with four guys who sexually harassed her in a music hall in the school's basement. Another girl was torn into a toilet where three perpetrators took her inside the clothes. While they subjected her to the crime, they talked with each other foreign language perceived as Arabic.*

*In another incident, the boys in football started to take on the plaintiff's butt.*

*This has since escalated to the taking of her breasts. Plaintiffs are trying to get them to stop but they do not listen, and interrupts only when a leader will.*

It has also, in some cases, revealed that staff knew what happened but felt that the incident is investigated best in school. There are also examples of complaints that Abuse interrupted by students.

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3.8.1.8

### *Social media phone*

Sexual molestation of this kind constitute over 27 per cent of reported crimes

Included in the material from 2015 and in 2016.

In 2015 touched 65 per cent of the notifications girls under 15 years (415 of 632). Boyhood for 15 years as a civil party constituted 14 percent (90 of 632), 16 percent of girls 15-17 years old (107 of 632) while the older (15-17 years) boys category represents 3 percent (20 of 632) of the crime notifications.

Most of the perpetrators are unknown. The number named in the reports was 85 pieces. Of these, 85 percent of Swedish citizens.

Sexual molestation via social media violations by sending offensive images mainly via Instagram, KiK (snapshots) and Facebook. In addition, messages and suggestions of a sexual meaning. Some claim to be the same age as recipient and turns out later to be older. Some lures children to send pictures then used as blackmail to persuade the child to do something more, for example, meet the offender. Some occurrences are of "grooming" (attempt to establish a coincidence of sexual relationship or posing with a minor).

3.8.1.9

### *Private or other secluded places*

This category includes sites that are completely private homes but also institutions and medical facilities, stairwells. In addition, secluded places that are difficult to have

transparent been included in this category. It can be gateways to real estate, elevators, cars, just off school grounds. To the number of these notifications about 22 per cent of reported crimes during 2015 and 2016. Of the completed notifications by period seen it all, like other environments, the young girls who suffer.

#### 3.8.1.9.1

Sexual molestation of group

Examining these areas was not a priority in the mission, but the general the review suggests that it is chiefly the individual perpetrators and not criminal conducted jointly in groups.

### 3.9

#### **Reported crimes during the festival *We Are Stockholm***

An examination of the preliminary investigations have been linked to the festival *We are Stockholm* during the years 2014 and 2015.

During the 2014 festival was established eleven notifications containing seventeen sexual molestation, rape and seven violent crimes. In three of the cases, an offender arrested but all investigations have been spent by prosecutors and police.

Regarding rape notice was taken of the investigative measures were available, but preliminary investigation was closed by prosecutors as sufficient grounds for prosecution were not met.

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During the 2015 festival was established 19 entries consisting of the 19 sexual molestation, rape and 20 violent crimes. In nine of the cases, an offender arrested but all investigations have been closed by the prosecutor or police authority except rape where the perpetrator was sentenced to imprisonment for one year and three months. During review of cases, it appears that no detainee has become topsad, which should have taken place.

All entries having essentially the same mode, that is to the offender has taken on the girls' breasts, buttocks or crotch. It has often occurred in associated with congestion in front of the stage.

Most of the victims are girls between 13-15 years and the alleged perpetrators has mainly been between 16-18 years, except in a case where he was 14 years old at break moment. In all cases, except one, have launched a preliminary investigation and relevant investigative measures then taken. The notification where the preliminary investigation was not initiated contained

absolutely no reconnaissance spreads.

The majority of the complaints have been dealt with by the youth group in the City Police Commissioner, Stockholm, which means that coordination of these cases have worked well.

Evidence State has proven to be very difficult since almost all victims of crime, in consultation with guardians not had strength and / or willingness to assist in further investigation of the relating to additional questioning. In general it can be noted that the offenses occurred 2015 has proved more difficult to investigate because of fuzzy input values in crime report.

The overall assessment is that the handling of current criminal investigations occurred in a correctly but that the proof mode for this type of crime is very difficult when they take place in a festival environment with large crowds.

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**4**

### **Part 2: Summary of regional talks with adolescents**

In all police regional police visited schools to talk to young people about sexual molestation. The approach has shifted in the local police areas. Certain areas have been chosen to carry out spontaneous visits while the second visit was more organized. In some areas, young people have been answering questions in the form of a questionnaire and others have conducted group discussions. On some occasions the police have chosen to only converse with girls while others hunt groups have been mixed. Some areas has cooperated with other social actors in question.

Due to the changing methodology and differences in the issues go there not to make a unified statement in which results can be measured and compared, and be combined with the statistical survey. The following description is therefore more general character.

#### **4.1**

##### **regions reporting**

According to the regional assemblies, there is a high likely many unreported regarding sexual molestation of young people. Some young people said that the problem has accelerated by increasing access to the Internet, apps and social media,

such as Facebook, Snapchat, MMS, Tinder, Youtube and Kik. It has given increased opportunities to harass, for example, by hanging out any public or use of mass mailings to spread the images or movies with sexual content. Often experienced perpetrator that is anonymous and is therefore not as diligent as it would otherwise. Young people believe that it is common for girls to images of boys' and men's genitals sent to them. Several girls said they largely receive daily inquiries via social media you have to send naked pictures of themselves self. Some believe that one can be endangered if they do not send pictures. Besides the Internet takes sexual molestation against young people mainly in schools, at parties or at the pub. It also occurs frequently in swimming pools, beaches or gym where girls naturally expose their body to a greater extent. Girls feel even exposed in public transport, in concerts and in some public places. Many girls seem to develop their own strategies to reduce the risks of being exposed to specific locations and particular contexts. Guys generally have no such avoidance strategies because of the fear of being subjected to sexual molestation. Certain girls avoid crowds as well as deserted places especially when it is dark. Some girls believe that they avoid guys in general as they move on their own, and then especially guys in the group. Lonely girls using their mobile phone protection through either talk to someone, pretending to talk, or getting ready to call if something would happen. Moreover, both girls and boys perception that girls have to think

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what they wear provocative clothing which could mean a greater risk of being molested. Although the Internet has girls developed strategies to protect themselves including by do not expose themselves too much, not put pictures of themselves and avoid certain apps. However, it is unclear whether the girls feel that precautionary measures are effective. In a of surveys discussed what to do if you become a victim of unwanted sexual advances. Proposals from the students was that it can be noisy and attract attention or demolish the perpetrators to protect themselves and secure DNA from the attacker.

From the discussions it emerged that it is not common that the perpetrators of crimes while perceived as friends. There is a jargon that involves calling another gay or whores, and sending each other unclothed / challenging images

Social Media. Comrades paws, harping on sex, wants photos where you are lightly dressed, etc. It emerged that young people feel that the verbal abuses become increasingly violent and climate hardened and they have risen slightly in scope. As an explanation of this stated that awareness of crimes has increased and they have become older and are in new social context. Several groups of young people tells of crimes that occur during celebrations in the homes.

The girls feel that it is very common that they are commenting on their appearance. The girls are sometimes called a whore and similar things when they have done something in Comrade circuit seen as "wrong" and said no to any sexual suggestions. Young people believe that the background to the guys commit sexual molestation is multifaceted. It can be due to poor of women, that it can not handle the alcohol, that is horny, it is ignorance of the consequences for the girl, to have misplaced feelings and even expressing anger in this way. It can also be peer pressure and a notion that Guys have the right to do this and a general lack of respect.

Although it is the most girls who are subjected to sexual molestation also states that the guys have been exposed. The big difference is that girls are more likely, ie at least once in a lifetime or more often, and guys occasionally. Both genders state that it is unknown persons who commit crimes. Some argue that sexual molestation is part of bullying, or a special way for guys to demonstrate the power of girls.

Young people believe that sexual molestation rarely reported and that it is rare to go to adults for support. The reason is believed to be that crime is not taken sufficiently seriously among themselves and society at large. It is also likely that many do not know for what counts as a sexual assault under the law. Some, preferably girls, points out that they do not expect that a notification leads to no action because the word against word and police have other things to prioritize. Some argue that it is afraid of being questioned because of one's clothing or that they had been drunk at the time. If

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offender also is known it can be an additional complicating factor.

Reporting think it also can lead to negative consequences, such as threats and reprisals and therefore refrain of fear. For young people to report crimes, many believe that

it is required that the offense is considered to be very serious, that it has evidence and the courage required. Alternatively, to feel so bad that you can not see any other way out.

Young people generally have a high confidence in the police, but not for the lawsuit in general. This is due to the sexual molestation notified rarely leads to prosecution or conviction. Many also feel that it is difficult to make a complaint and that it had facilitated if the police were on the spot and receive notification directly at public events. Among the adolescents who reported sexual molestation they either a positive perception of police work against sexual molestation or so lack the perception.

Many young people believe that the penalty for sexual molestation should be raised in order to achieve a general deterrent effect and clearly signal what is right and wrong. Another proposals discussed are changes of attitude in the early school age and education value issues in all school ages. It also believes that cooperation between different public bodies such as the police, schools and social services is crucial.

Furthermore, the police should also inform restaurateurs, leisure personnel and staff training and bathing facilities about sexual molestation, in order to engage them in preventive work. Similarly suggests young people should enlighten, inform and engage HVB-home current work against sexual molestation in public places.

In some conversations have revealed that young people are asking police officers present at public places and events in order to deter potential perpetrators and to raise allegations of sexual molestation directly. Other suggestions are patrolling Police volunteers and night walkers, free self-defense courses for girls and young Women and thoughtful placement of concerts and events.

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## **5**

### **Conclusions from the analysis and interviews**

In recent years, increased sexual molestation against young people under eighteen. Reporting statistics show that the overwhelming majority of the victims are girls, younger than fifteen years, but there are also crimes against young boys. The most common sexual molestation is not physical but those on the social media.

The crimes occurred at a physical meeting is the perpetrator in most cases a man which usually act alone, by blotting, offensive suggestions or physical touches. Get perpetrators have been identified but signalement data indicate that they do not constitute a homogeneous group. Female offenders are few but present in

private or otherwise separated environments.

The picture that emerges after local police officers' conversations with young people is that sexual molestation is normalized and is ongoing in everyday life. Neither the young people themselves or adults in their presence believes that all forms of sexual harassment should be seen as criminal acts. Society and the environment feels, according to young people, to a certain type of vulnerability is something that should be expected. If the event you are exposed to reported it may mean that the victim is exposed to social influence from both friends and others in the victim's neighborhood.

The mission has been to focus on sexual molestation in places where crowds occur and other public places where the police, directly and indirectly, can contribute to prevent crime. The analysis of reported crimes has shown that there are relatively few crimes that occur in such places. Probably only reported the crimes experienced specifically serious. It is an assessment that is supported by interviews of local police areas. The image would likely look different if all sexual molestation were reported to the police.

Even in crowds and in other public places, it is most common with a sole perpetrator's actions that expose a lonely young girl for the crime. it creates great uneasiness and fear especially when the environment makes it difficult to avoidance maneuvers ric with the offender.

The crimes committed in the group is to get the number but has created a feeling of helplessness and girls affected have felt deeply offended and scared to go out. The suspected of crimes committed by a large group of offenders, in a public place, mainly those with foreign citizenship. At the crimes reported in swimming pools has the alleged perpetrators were mainly asylum seekers boys.

Sexual molestation generates fears of the vulnerable: their freedom and room for maneuver is limited. There is also a risk of a negative trend against felonies if society does not act. The community has a great responsibility to try to change the minimization attitude. Remedy part which forms the next part of the report provides proposals for a working method in the form of a collaboration model that can be repeated

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used in police operations. The collaborative model dispose measures can used in daily life, both a local police area for a specific event regardless problem.

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**6****Part 3: Measures to prevent and investigate sexual molestation of young people in public settings.****6.1****The mission**

Based on the national police chief's decision, the head of Noah decided

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that a national task force,

with representatives from all police regions and Noah, under the leadership of the police region West would be added. The working group's mandate was to propose operational measures in the work to prevent, investigate and address sexual molestation of young people in public environments and public places.

The assignment was to:

First with the support of, the acquired regional problems pictures, propose operational measures in efforts to prevent, investigate and remedy sexual molestation of young people in public buildings and public places,

2. highlight any other resulting issues that may be of importance in this problem area,

3. to have representation from a strategic, indirect and direct level, with expertise from Intelligence Investigation and local police area level, and to

4. carry out work in close collaboration with the intelligence unit at Noah responsible for gathering mission in terms of the national situational picture of sexual molestation against among young people in public places and public places.

**6.2****Organization and competence**

A working group was formed with representation from strategic, indirect and direct level, the competence of the intelligence investigation and local police district level.

**6.3****Working method**

Working met for three days. Initially, the working group came up with a common understanding of what the mission is and how it should be reported. Part of the time

used for a workshop where the working group tried a collaboration model

12

shot

front of the National Council.

The committee used the interaction model to provide data to the accounting mission.

The model itself can be described as a sturdy structure and a tool that can be used together with the municipality and other collaborating parties in a local police area daily activities as well as for the specific events and happenings. IN both are a problem scenario and an action plan developed.

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Decisions on the Directive on working to develop operational measures to prevent, investigate and resolve sexual molestation of young people in public places and public places. (A042.786 / 2016 from 37 to 16 n

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Collaboration in local crime prevention work, good Revised Edition 2016

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The collaborative model will be used both for prevention and for operational measures.

To illustrate how collaboration model should be used at an event created Working a fictional event - the festival with a focus on sexual molestation among young people in public places and public places. Different interaction actors identified and then discussed spheres of different mode images. Together then taken a problem set up and a cause analysis was done. Finally created an action plan it is clear who is doing what.

## 6.4

### Purpose of the proposed measure

The submission should provide a method that can increase knowledge of young people exposure to sexual ofredaden in crowds and public places. The purpose is also to identify how the police along with other community stakeholders will work strategically with action against the causes of the problem picture.

A working method in the form of an interaction model, recurrent used in policing. The collaborative model dispose measures that can be used in

daily life, both a local police area for a specific event, regardless problem. It contributes to a consistent and predictable approach with our collaboration partnerships where actions and responsibilities distributed locally, regionally and nationally plan.

The model should provide methodological support to identify a problem scenario for events public buildings and public places where the responsibility for preventive measures divided between interacting actors.

## 6.5

### interaction Model

The model was developed by the National Council and is a general interaction model that can be used Local police area's overall cooperation with the municipality as well as in an emergency arisen or pre-renowned event. In the overall work provides a model strategic problems image with an action plan linked to the citizens' promises, but with a continuously updated image problems and action plan can be used in the everyday event-driven operational work.

The difficulty is not to "run away" and create actions based on only one actor situational awareness. The collaborative model is to create an understanding of different perspectives of a situation or event is already in the position shown. The model builds a foundation for the together we prioritize what problems we will act against and how we attack the causes the problems. The model also creates the conditions to make it clearer what actor who needs to take action and how different stakeholders can coordinate their actions. Each player is controlled by their organization's mission and governance model. For the police, the Police Operational direction (POI) govern what should be highlighted in police contributions in to position the image.

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Police Western Region has used *collaborative model* with cooperation partners in cultural and sports events, and in the overall cooperation with municipalities. This experience suggests that there is a clear link between permitting and action plan which identified measures is a part of the state of the public event.

#### 6.5.1 The current situation

Location The image aims to provide an overview and holistic. A status report is operator specific

and reflects the operator's perspective on the occurrence of the event.

The basis of the model is a situation report from the police, local government and citizens, but at a specific problem, it may be necessary to identify several cooperation actors can help to position the image. In this way are then built an existing picture of the situation on the basis of a Event to an overall picture of the situation.

For example, problems concerning asylum places where the Immigration Service in the vast the highest degree, is a player that should contribute to position the image. Here, even the residents of a asylum accommodation, seen as a key player to provide a picture of the situation, as well as neighbors live next to the accommodation. When the new problem is being built on an existing status report will be actions more strategic long-term.

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To create a national comprehensive and accurate picture of the situation require local police areas mode images are aggregated to regional situational and compiled. By this Process provides local problems Images basis for decisions to target policing, like for example. in the commission of sexual molestation which it acquired local situation picture from interviews with young people compiled into a national comprehensive picture of the situation.

### **6.5.2 Police and municipal situational awareness**

Police help to position the image with different forms of statistics such as event reports, reported crimes, security guard reports and experience stories. It will also experience stories from different events and notifications. An important aspect is also interviews with police officers on how they experience working in an area or during a special event. As an example, in some areas can be difficult to work as a policewoman. Similarly, the municipality contributes with facts, experiences and interviews with staff. Together, even the police and the municipality presented a demographic situational awareness. At a specific recurring event, all partners' experience stories important.

### **6.5.3 Citizens situational awareness**

Citizens picture is often based on a recurring security measurement. Like one complementary to security measurements can be made against the targeted inhämtningar NGOs, volunteers, undertake loader which operates in the area, etc. It is away citizens mode images we find the foundations of civic promises disposed of action plan.

#### 6.5.4 Events or other samverkansaktörs image

Collaboration operators vary depending on environment. IN example stated

event organizers who can contribute their own and others' experiences of similar event.

#### 6.5.5 Problems and Cause Analysis

The different actors' interaction mode images are coordinated in a common position and image problems. The basis for choosing effective action is to have knowledge of the local problems and their possible causes. Such a knowledge base provides guidance for election and the design of activities and measures. It is not unusual that when a new problems are identified based on the reasons that have already been identified based on other problem.

##### 6.5.1.1

#### *Routine activity theory*

To describe a problem can be assumed tanks which originate in the so called *routine activity theory*

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. According to the crime assumes that there is a motivated offender, a suitable object for the criminal act and an absence

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The theory was formulated in 1979 by two American criminologists Lawrence Cohen and Marcus Felson and based on rational choice theory.

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of deterrents such capable guardians or social control that can prevent the crime from being committed.

Problems Image can illuminate the situation from three perspectives:

- *The situational perspective* involves highlighting the causes of the situation which allows crimes can be committed. For example, if the visibility is obscured or why many people gather at a certain place at a certain time.
- *Crime Victimisation perspective* means focusing on individuals and objects (For example, a school, a store, a garage) which repeatedly exposed to crime. One example is to examine the small kiosks handle the day's takings in a way that

increases the risk that they will be robbed.

- *perpetrator perspective* means trying to identify potential perpetrators and investigate how they commit their crimes.

**Routine activity theory .**

### **6.5.6 Overall Effect**

It describes what is the overall objective of the action plan.

### **6.5.7 Actions and responsibilities**

It compiled an action plan that describes the problem scenario, causes of problems, overall goals, preventive measures and responsibilities between actors event.

### **6.5.8 Action Plan**

In order to have a sustainable and resource-efficient measures are needed to measure the plan made a results of joint situational awareness, problem areas and root cause analysis.

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The police in many cases is an event-driven organization and thus often quick to act to a problem. With the new work to get closer to citizens, we should frequently take on Our role is to be the starting up cooperation which culminates in a joint action plan. The action plan should be clear who does what. Many times various measures to be counter-productive and a waste of resources when they can not be coordinated. The action plan are any conditions that the police set up in the state of organizer. By the organizers contributed to the development of the action plan creates a greater understanding and development of the conditions set.

## **6.6**

### **Example: Fictitious event at risk of sexual molestation**

As part of the development of measures to prevent and investigate sexual molestation in public environments used collaboration model for a fictitious event. Facts in the fictional event based on Valborgsmässöfirande in Uppsala. The collaborative model used in isolation problem picture for sexual molestation of young people in public environments and public places. Other problems pictures at a public event, such as theft - disturbances, etc., have not been taken into custody when the interaction model used in the fictitious event.

Description fictitious factors:

- Large geographic area.
- Many people.
- Addresses mostly a younger crowd.
- Several scenes / venues
- The area not enclosed / fenced
- Free entry
- Several alcohol servings
- opening 16-02

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### **Compiled action plan**

#### **Examples of the Action Plan which sexual molestation is a problem.**

-

Some parts of the action plan will be included in permit conditions.

-

The majority of the measures are also measures other problems that have been identified before festival, pickpocketing, disturbances, etc.

problems

cause Analysis

Overall

Effect

measures

Responsibility

Young men in the group who molest

young women

-

targeting young

women,

-

isolating them from their

companions by

surround them

-

Molest them through  
to take them inside  
and outside the clothes.

-

Violence / compulsive

-

Surprise their victims

-

Low Application

tendency

**( Here, of course, more  
problems identified in  
associated with our festival. The  
may have the same or own  
causes**

**Ex. other problems:**

-

**pickpocketing,**

-

**disturbances**

**mm)**

1st

Other

visitors

unconscious

2nd

crowded places

/ People's Collection

3rd

Anonymous gm

and who

did what

4th

ignorance of

what is crime

of suspect

5th

Small

detected risk

6th

Absence of

festival staff

in the crowd

7th

Open the dark

not defined

surfaces

Eighth

unconscious

prospective tra

9th

Absence of

common

situational awareness

Police / organizer

during

Festival.

10. Ignorance of

what is crime

at

the plaintiff

11. Lack of knowledge of

organizer

staff as well

security guards

about what is

crime

12. The linguistic confusion

year

Festival visitors

should feel

security.

1.4 & 8 Information about the phenomenon:

1st

Film at jumbotriner

2nd

Posters with info

3rd

website

1.4 & 8 Social Media

9 Contact Center

4th

Representative. for

co actors are

during the festival gathered  
to share current  
situational awareness and thereby  
resource control

2, 5 & 7 Identifying the hot-spots

2, 5, 6 & 7 Man hot-spots with  
stewards, the festival hosts and  
NGO

2,5 & 7 CCTV

(Apply)

2, 3, 5, 6 & 7 Mingle - intermarry  
and be communicative with  
festival participants to create  
situation awareness, confidence-building, taking  
away "opportunity makes the thief"

3 Identify prospective GM

2 & 7 Build away cramped & dark  
locations

11 Increase awareness of sexual  
molestation of staff and  
NGO

10. Develop short  
information to increase  
knowledge of sexual molestation  
- Short PP

11 Take the command of the guards  
and use them more actively.  
Withdrawal, knowledge, BIS

12 Promoter promotes  
multilingualism among staff

Organizer

Organizer/

Police

**Organizer**

**(responsible)**

Rep: Police /

Municipality/

Frivilligorg

anisation P erf

Police

Promoter

Promoter

Promoter

Police

Promoter

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Police

Promoter

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### **6.7**

#### **Awareness-raising and advocacy actions**

Sexual molestation is very much about attitudes and norms. The police can not alone come to grips with the causes but the entire judiciary and society at large need to act against these attitudes and behaviors. At specific events, the police together with the organizers, municipal and school work together actively towards sexual molestation of young people in public settings.

Police in collaboration with other actors to spread awareness among the youth to prospective offenders, victims and citizens are aware of the problem picture - that sexual molestation of young people appearing in public environments and what you should do, as security, victim or witness, if the molestation occurs.

The police may be responsible for the accurate picture as to the scope of the crime and what the causes may be. This needs to be communicated to a job in the school and other forum with young people can discuss the values and standards - on what is permitted and what is not. Location The image needs to be spread to eg through the media and social media to the public in general and as an audience should gain knowledge of sexual molestation at public events.

The awareness-raising measures aimed at getting to advocacy to reach out public information and to establish an opinion in school, media etc. about norms and attitudes to sexual molestation that affect the public's attitude and behavior. An advocacy around sexual molestation of young people in public environmental and public places can be initiated by the police as part of influencing the Public opinion around the phenomenon.

**7**

## Investigation

### 7.1

#### nature of crime

Sexual molestation in public environments are difficult to investigate because it usually occurs in congestion with large crowds. The attention and the focus of victims / witnesses is for obvious reasons otherwise. The victim also hesitate to report crimes because that for many is hard to talk about the incident. There is also a perceived sense of that a notification does not lead anywhere. Therefore, there is likely a large unreported for crimes that are not reported. Sexual molestation can be done by the individual perpetrator and together with others, in the latter case, difficulties in the investigation - who did what.

The penalty for the offense is in the range of penalties fines to imprisonment not exceeding 2 years. The the penalty is a fine. The offense is limited preliminary investigation and prosecution used Often. This leads to a discussion takes place with prosecutors / FU leaders on how crimes should assessed and investigated.

### 7.2

#### investigative measures

The Working Group has concluded that it does not make an assessment that differs sexual molestation of another crime. As usual, it primarily measures

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needs to be ensured, developed and improved as they are the basis for continued success preliminary investigation.

Sexual molestation can be made from the individual perpetrator and with others.

In the latter case, difficulties in the investigation. The improved treatment similar to the hate crimes and offenses in close relationships are opportunities for restoration for the victim and increased prosecution. Victims who have been victims of hate crimes withdraws often to contact the police and make a report. The reason it can be more - the person has feelings of shame for having been a victim or lack of confidence police. Therefore, it is important that you treat the victim in a professional manner.

Examples of actions:

- identify witnesses,
- identifying data data

- possible side evidence
- notification absorption to take place as quickly as possible just around the crime, in close employees Accession to the scene of the crime and, if possible, quiet environment.
- Police preliminary investigation skills and investigators should be in place
- the arrest, it is important documentation of offenders through photography in terms of appearance and dress
- develop the ability to use "go pro camera" for police and stewards which can be used both in the preservation of evidence purposes and as a preventive measure.

### 7.3

#### legal investigation

One factor that apparently affects both the prevention and investigation of sexual molestation in public places is legal drafting. The current legislation is somewhat outdated in its reflection of approach to sexual molestation. Current location picture on sexual molestation in public settings, such as at concerts or festivals, claims that the molestation often committed in groups. where A mode is that the perpetrators encircle the victim and molest her verbally or physically in order to violating her privacy. Against this background, one can conclude that a breach of the above-described mode, which does not meet the conditions for rape, possibly should be considered a more serious form of sexual assault.

In Chapter 6. § 10 of the Penal Code states the following; *the one who, otherwise than as previously in this chapter,*

*sexually touches a child under fifteen or induces the child to undertake or participate in any act of sexual meaning, convicted of sexual assault to a fine or imprisonment not exceeding two years.*

*The same applies to the one who exposes himself to another in a way that is likely to cause discomfort or by word or action harasses a person in a way that is likely to violate the person's sexual integrity.*

The law is not designed in a way that allows a grading of the offense and consequently, a higher penalty than imprisonment for two years. By a legislative amendment enabling an enhanced punishment for sexual molestation of rougher character, one can possibly extend

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investigation and prosecution possibilities for investigators and prosecutors. Furthermore, a change in th

this direction, generating both general prevention, but also specific preventive effects.

One recommendation is that detailed legal investigation regarding the existing correct information about sexual molestation made.

## 8

### **Conclusions and recommendations for action**

Knowledge of sexual molestation show a complex problem picture related to norms and values. A significant part of the action lies in awareness-raising and attitude-changing measures directed against different perpetrator groups and needs to be with targeted actions in collaboration with other agencies and organizations working with young people. Police have a shared responsibility with a great collaboration needs. Paragraph rates indicate proposals for measures to prevent and investigate sexual molestation of young public at public events.

- Prevention through situational crime prevention
- Build a good cooperation foundation between police and municipality / arranger.
- Implement a recurring collaboration model for the distribution of actions and responsibility.
- Target action based on the conducted cause analysis.
- Establish if needed operator joint contact center for public events.
- Develop an accurate picture of the situation of the right action at the right time
- Right primarily measures at prosecution by the investigative capability in place
- judicial inquiry to investigate whether the new criminal procedure are aggravating

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## **Appendix 1**

### ***Research on sexual harassment and violence against women***

In addition to the annual analysis made by the National Council, based on statistics on reported crime and security measures of vulnerability occurs research and statistical studies on sexual harassment and violence in many institutions.

Some examples can be mentioned as a starting point for discussions about countermeasures:

- A survey based on interviews of 42,000 women from all EU countries, published in March 2016 by the EU's rights agency (FRA)

states that

Sweden tops the new EU Statistics on physical and sexual violence against women, sexual harassment and stalking. The conclusion is that the result is a consequence of Nordic alcohol culture, but also of non-traditional gender roles.

- National Center for protection of women at Uppsala University conducts research masculinity and violence. *"Studies have shown that use violence in intimate relationships can be a means of strengthening the perpetrator's sense of masculinity and force the victim to submission. The controls are exercised over women by violence thus shaping her according to the man's idealized vision of femininity. During Violence exercise, men can feel they embody typical "male" Attributes: aggressiveness, strength and control. In other words, made possible by the violence what is considered masculine and can provide "benefits" of the perpetrator ."*

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- Research on child and adolescent mental health from a gender perspective, including Another of sexual harassment led by Professor Katja Gillander Gådin at Mid Sweden University, Sundsvall. *"Katja Gillander Gådin's conclusions after almost 15 years of research is that sexual harassment is about to be normalized in school. The reason is the lack of knowledge and tools to detect and fix problems."*

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- A publication from the National Board of Institutional System (SIS) in 2011. The sums results from a research project about 45 teenage boys who committed sexual abuse.

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- A doctoral thesis from the University of Stockholm. *" The violence of men and women Fear is a fundamental democratic problem - for as long as women do not*

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<http://fra.europa.eu/en/publication/2016/professional-views-lgbt-equality> ,  
([Http://www.svd.se/sextrakasserier-vanligast-i-sverige](http://www.svd.se/sextrakasserier-vanligast-i-sverige) (March 5, 2014))

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[http://www.nck.uu.se/Kunskapscentrum/Kunskapsbanken/amnen/Vald\\_i\\_nara\\_relationer/Forovare\\_arnesguide/](http://www.nck.uu.se/Kunskapscentrum/Kunskapsbanken/amnen/Vald_i_nara_relationer/Forovare_arnesguide/)

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<http://www.forskning.se/2011/05/27/sexuella-trakasserier-osynliggors-i-skolan/>

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[http://www.nck.uu.se/Kunskapscentrum/Kunskapsbanken/Publikationer/S%C3%B6k+publikationer/?id=663 & librisId = & swepubId =](http://www.nck.uu.se/Kunskapscentrum/Kunskapsbanken/Publikationer/S%C3%B6k+publikationer/?id=663&librisId=&swepubId=)

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*guaranteed bodily integrity, we can hardly call our society equal ".*

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Maria Wendt Raises, the politics of fear: Violence and Sexuality in Swedish democracy "(2002) Libris.

